

ON/OFF SWITCH 1-POLE 16 A 250 V

ON/OFF SWITCH 1-POLE
WITH LIGHT SIGNAL
16 A 250 V~

GROUP SWITCH 1-POLE
16 A 250 V~
Autom.-Off-Manual

1 M


AS161



ASL161


1 M


CO SWITCH 1-POLE
16 A 250 V~


MOMENTARY-CONTACT SWITCH
16 A 250 V~


LIGHT SIGNAL 230 V UC

ON/OFF SWITCH 3-POLE 415 V~
Incoming circuit breaker for circuit distribution board, lockable in the "ON" or "OFF" position, maximum connection cross section $25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$

1 M


| Clear | RST230 | 73 | 12 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Red | RSR230 | 73 | 12 |
| Blue | RSB230 | 73 | 12 |
| Green | RSG230 | 73 | 12 |
| Yellow | RSY230 | 73 | 12 |



3 M


| 63 A | AS63 | 200 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 A | AS100 | 200 | 4 |



SCHUKO SOCKET OUTLET SCHUKO ${ }^{\circ}$
10/16 A 250 V~
2.5 M



INSTALLATION RELAY
16 A 250 V~
1-pole 1NO

1 M


| $12 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | IR01210 | 99 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | IR23010 | 99 | 12 |


| IR... 10 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |
|  | A1 |
|  |  |
|  | A2 |
| 2 |  |



INSTALLATION RELAY
16 A 250 V~
2-pole 2NO

1 M


| IR... 20 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3 |
|  | A1 |
| $\left.\left.\right\|_{2} ^{1}\right\|_{4} ^{1}$ |  |
|  | A2 |
| 2 | 4 |



INSTALLATION RELAY
16 A 250 V~
2-pole 1NO + 1NC

1 M

|R... 11

| 1 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | A1 |
| $\int_{2}^{1} \prod_{4}^{1}$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | A2 |
| 2 | 4 |



STORAGE RELAY
sealable
16 A 250 V~
1 CO contact


| SP2301W |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 3 |
| A1 |  |
| $\Gamma_{2} 1_{4}^{3}$ |  |
| A2 |  |
| 2 | 4 |

## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Installation relays / storage relays mechanical

| Installation relay / Storage relay mechanical |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Technical data/type | IR | SP2301W |
| Contact material | $\mathrm{AgSnO}_{2}$ |  |
| Contact interval | $3 \mathrm{~mm} / 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| Interval control connections / contact | $>6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |
| Test voltage contact / contact <br> contact / magnet system | $\begin{aligned} & 2000 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 4000 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Nominal switching capacity AC $250 \mathrm{~V}, 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | $16 \mathrm{~A}, 10 \mathrm{~A} / 10 \mathrm{~A}, 6 \mathrm{~A}$ | $16 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V} 3520 \mathrm{VA}$ |
| Incandescent lamps and halogen lamp load 230 V | $10 \mathrm{~A}(2300 \mathrm{~W})$ |  |
| Fluorescent lamp load in DUO switching | $16 \mathrm{~A}(3500 \mathrm{~W})$ / $10 \mathrm{~A}(2000 \mathrm{~W})$ |  |
| Fluorescent lamp load inductive or capacitive | $10 \mathrm{~A}(1300 \mathrm{~W})$ |  |
| Electronic ballasts | Ion $140 \mathrm{~A} 10 \mathrm{~ms} / 70 \mathrm{~A} 10 \mathrm{~ms}{ }^{1)}$ |  |
| Fluorescent lamp load compensated in parallel | $4 \mathrm{~A}(500 \mathrm{~W})$ |  |
| Inductive load $\cos \varphi=0.6 / 230 \mathrm{VAC}$ | $10 \mathrm{~A}(1300 \mathrm{~W})$ |  |
| High-pressure mercury lamp and metal halide lamp, uncompensated | 500 W |  |
| Contact load DC max. | 100 W |  |
| Mechanical endurance, change of position $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ | $>10^{6}$ | $>10 \times 10^{8}$ |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=1$ and $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ | $>10^{5}$ |  |
| Endurance with incandescent lamps 1000 W and $103 / \mathrm{h}$ | $>105$ |  |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=0.6$ und $103 / \mathrm{h}$ | $>4 \times 10^{4}$ |  |
| Switching frequency max. | $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ | $10^{4} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Closing delay | 10-20 ms | 10 ms |
| Opening delay | $5-15 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 5 ms |
| Switch position display | per contact | Light emitting diode |
| Manual operation | yes | no |
| Switch-on duration | 100\% ${ }^{2)}$ | 100\% |
| Temperature at the installation location max. / min. | $+50^{\circ} /-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Control voltage range | 0.9 to $1.1 \times U_{\text {n }}$ | 0.95 to $1.06 \times \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |
| Coil power loss AC + DC $\pm 20 \%$ | 1 - and 2-pole 2 W | 1.9 W |
| Total power loss when continually excited Rated voltage and rated contact load | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { 1-pole } & 4 \mathrm{~W} \\ \text { 2-pole } & 6 \mathrm{~W} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1.9 W |
| Max. parallel capacitance (length) of the control line | $0.06 \mu \mathrm{~F}(200 \mathrm{~m})$ |  |
| Max. induction voltage at the control inputs | $0.2 \times U_{n}$ |  |

1) For electronic ballasts, a switch-on current 40 times more powerful is to be expected.
2) Should several remote switches and installation relays be under continuous excitation, please make sure that there is sufficient ventilation in accordance with the power loss calculation and additionally that a ventilation interval of approx. $1 / 2$ modules is observed.



CONTROL RELAYS
10 A / 250 V
1 CO contact
Universal control voltage
8-230 V
1 M


STU1W

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| A1 | A2 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | 2 |
| 1 | 3 |


| 8 to <br> 230 V <br> UC | STU1W | 58 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Bistable relay contact

After installation, the mains voltage must first be applied to the relay so that the switching contacts can go into a defined state. After about 2 seconds, the switched load can be connected to the mains.


CONTROL RELAYS
$10 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$
2 CO contacts
Universal control voltage
8 - 230 V
1 M



## Bistable relay contact

After installation, the mains voltage must first be applied to the relay so that the switching contacts can go into a defined state. After about 2 seconds, the switched load can be connected to the mains.

## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Electronic control relays


## Fulfilled EN $61000-6-3$, EN 61000-6-1 and EN 60669 standards

1) For electronic ballasts, a switch-on current 40 times more powerful is to be expected
2) Control relays STU1W and STU2W are clocked. From this, currents of up to 1 A result in the $\mu$ s range.

## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Mechanical remote switches


REMOTE SWITCH
16 A 250 V~
1-pole 1N0
1 M

|  | ITEM <br> NO. | WEIGTT <br> g/EACH | PACKING <br> UNIT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| FS... 10 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |
|  | A1 |
| $\left.\right\|_{2} ^{1}$ |  |
|  | A2 |
| 2 |  |


| $12 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | FS01210 | 96 | 12 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | FS23010 | 96 | 12 |

REMOTE SWITCH
16 A 250 V~
2-pole 2NO

| FS... 20 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3 |
|  | A1 |
| $\left.\left.\right\|_{2} ^{1}\right\|_{2} ^{1}$ |  |
|  | A2 |
| 2 | 4 |



REMOTE SWITCH
16 A 250 V~
2-pole 1NO + 1NC

| FS... 11 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3 |
|  | A1 |
| $\left.\right\|_{2} ^{1} 1_{4}^{3}$ |  |
|  | A2 |
| 2 | 4 |

## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Mechanical remote switches

| Mechanical remote switches |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Technical data/type | FS |
| Contact material | Ag Sn O 2 |
| Contact interval | $3 \mathrm{~mm} / 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Interval control connections / contact | $>6 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Test voltage contact / contact <br> contact / magnet system | $\begin{aligned} & 2000 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 4000 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| Nominal switching capacity AC $250 \mathrm{~V}, 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | $16 \mathrm{~A}, 10 \mathrm{~A} / 10 \mathrm{~A}, 6 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| Incandescent lamps and halogen lamp load 230 V | $10 \mathrm{~A}(2300 \mathrm{~W})$ |
| Fluorescent lamp load in DUO switching | 16 A (3500 W) / 10 A (2000 W) |
| Fluorescent lamp load inductive or capacitive | $10 \mathrm{~A}(1300 \mathrm{~W})$ |
| Electronic ballasts | Ion $140 \mathrm{~A} 10 \mathrm{~ms} / 70 \mathrm{~A} 10 \mathrm{~ms}{ }^{1)}$ |
| Fluorescent lamp load compensated in parallel | $4 \mathrm{~A}(500 \mathrm{~W})$ |
| Inductive load $\cos \varphi=0.6$ / 230 V AC | $10 \mathrm{~A}(1300 \mathrm{~W})$ |
| High-pressure mercury lamp and metal halide lamp, uncompensated | 500 W |
| Contact load DC max. | 100 W |
| Mechanical endurance, change of position $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ | $>10^{6}$ |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=1$ und $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ | $>105$ |
| Endurance with incandescent lamps 1000 W and $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ | $>105$ |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=0.6$ and $103 / \mathrm{h}$ | $>4 \times 10^{4}$ |
| Switching frequency max. | $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Switch position display | per contact |
| Manual operation | yes |
| Switch-on duration | 100\% ${ }^{2)}$ |
| Temperature at the installation location max. / min. | $+50^{\circ} /-5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Control voltage range | 0.9 to $1.1 \times U_{n}$ |
| Coil power loss AC + DC $\pm 20 \%$ | 1- and 2-pole 5-6W |
| Total power loss when continually excited Rated voltage and rated contact load | $\begin{array}{cc} \hline \text { 1-pole } & 7-8 \mathrm{~W} \\ \text { 2-pole } & 9-10 \mathrm{~W} \end{array}$ |
| Max. parallel capacity (length) of the control line | $0.06 \mu \mathrm{~F}(200 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Max. induction voltage at the control inputs | $0.2 \times \mathrm{Un}$ |
| Glow lamps parallel to the 230 V control buttons | 5 mA |
| With capacitor $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ parallel to the coil | 10 mA |
| With capacitor $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ AC parallel to the coil | 15 mA |

1) For electronic ballasts, a switch-on current 40 times more powerful is to be expected.
2) If several remote switches and installation relays are under continuous excitation, please make sure that there is sufficient ventilation in accordance with the power

| Function description: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| FS $=$ Remote switch | Type key <br> e.g. remote switch <br> Item No. FS23011 |
| NS contact |  |



REMOTE SWITCH CENTRAL CONTROL
16 A / 250 V
2 NO floating
Incandescent lamp load 2,000 W
1 M


| 8 to <br> 230 V <br> $U C$ | FZU20 | 70 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## FZU20 - Local Universal Control Voltage 8...230V UC

With additional control inputs, central on and central off for 8..230V UC, with galvanic separation from the local control input.

Very low switching noise. Glow lamp current from 110 V control voltage up to 50 mA in switch positions 1 to 3 and 5 to 7 .

## A rotary switch allows for setting various priorities.

These determine which other control inputs are blocked as long as a control input is continually excited.
This will then determine how the remote switch reacts during failure and subsequent return of mains voltage:
In switch positions 1 to 4 the switching position remains unaltered.
Switch off is done in switch positions 5 to 8 .
Central commands pending will then be executed.

OFF $\quad=$ Permanently OFF
Positions $\mathbf{1 + 5}=$ No priority. Local button pressing is even possible with permanently excited central control inputs. The final central command is carried out.
Positions 2+6 = Priority for central ON and OFF. Local button pressing is without any effect for the duration central OFF, however, has priority over central ON
Positions $\mathbf{3 + 7}=$ Priority for central ON and OFF. Local button pressing is without any effect for the duration central ON, however, has priority over central OFF.
Positions 4+8 = Priority for the permanently excited local button. Central commands are not carried out for the duration. Glow lamp current is not permitted in these positions.
ON $\quad$ Continuously ON

## Switching example of electronic impulse switch for central control



## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Electronic remote switch

| Electronic remote switch |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Technical data/type | FZU20 |
| Contacts |  |
| Contact material / Contact interval | $\mathrm{AgSnO}_{2} / 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Interval control connections / contact | 6 mm |
| Test voltage C1-C2 or A1-A2 / contact | 4000 V |
| Test voltage contact / contact | 4000 V |
| Test voltage control connections / contact | 4000 V |
| Nominal switching capacity AC | $16 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Incandescent lamps and halogen lamp load $230 \mathrm{~V}{ }^{\text {1) }}$ | 2000 W |
| Fluorescent lamp load in (conventional ballast) DUO switching | 1000 VA |
| Fluorescent lamp load in (conventional ballast) uncompensated or serially compensated | 500 VA |
| Compact fluorescent lamps with electronic ballast and energy-saving lamps (ESL) | Ion max. $70 \mathrm{~A} / 10 \mathrm{~ms}^{2)}$ |
| Max. switching current DC1: $12 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC | 8 A |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=1$ and incandescent lamps 1,000 W for $100 / \mathrm{h}$ | $>10^{5}$ |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=0.6$ at $100 / \mathrm{h}$ | $>4 \times 10^{4}$ |
| Switching frequency max. | $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Maximum cross section of a conductor (3-fold terminal) | $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\left(4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ |
| 2 conductors with same cross-section (3-fold terminal) | $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\left(1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\right)$ |
| Screw head | Slotted / cross slot pozidriv |
| Protection cover (device side) | DIN EN 50274, VDE 00660-514 BGV A3 |


| Electronics |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Switch-on duration (also for central ON/OFF) | 100\% |
| Temperature at the installation location max. / min. | $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Stand-by loss (active power) 230 V | 0,4 W |
| Stand-by loss (active power) $12 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0.03 W / 0,06 W |
| Control current Universal control voltage all control voltages (<5s) $\pm 20 \%$ |  |
| Control current Universal control voltage $8 / 12 / 24 / 230 \mathrm{~V}(<10 \mathrm{~s}) \pm 20 \%$ | $0.1 / 0.1 / 0.2 / 1 /(30) \mathrm{mA}$ |
| Control current Central 8/12/24/230 V (<10 s) $\pm 20 \%$ | $2 / 4 / 9 / 5 /(100) \mathrm{mA}$ |
| Max. parallel capacitance (length) of the central control line for 230 VAC | $0.3 \mu \mathrm{~F}(1000 \mathrm{~m})$ |
| Max. parallel capacitance (length) of the central control line for 230 V AC | $0.9 \mu \mathrm{~F}(3000 \mathrm{~m})$ |

Fulfilled EN 50081-1, EN 50082-2 and EN 60669 standards
Bistable relay as NOC. Wait for short automatic synchronisation after installation before applying the switched load to the mains.

1) For lamps with max. 150 W
2) For electronic ballasts, a switch-on current 40 times more powerful is to be expected


TOUCH DIMMER
Universal control voltage
8 to 230 V UC,
R, $L$ and $C$ loads 400 W
Dimmable ESL 100 W
Dimmable LED, 230 V 100 W

## 1 M



## Electronic universal touch dimmer for R, L and C loads

Universal control voltage 8..230 V UC, galvanically separated from supply and switching voltage 230 V .
Short control commands switch on/off, permanent activation adjusts brightness up to the maximum value
A brief interruption of the activation alters the dimming direction.
The set level of brightness remains saved when switched off.

## With switches for children's rooms:

When switching on and pressing the button for at least 1 second, the light will switch on at the lowest brightness level and slowly increase brightness, without altering the last brightness level saved.

## With sleep function:

The lighting is dimmed from its current brightness and switches off when it receives a double impulse. The maximum dimming time of 60 minutes is dependent on the current brightness and can be shortened accordingly. Switching-off during the dimming procedure is always possible by pressing the button briefly. Pressing the button for a longer time during the dimming procedure turns up the light and ends the sleep function.

Defined switch-off during electricity failure.
From 110 V control voltage, glow lamp current 30 mA With the \% :-rotary switch the minimum brightness can be set (completely dimmed) e.g. for dimmable energy-saving lamps.

The dim speed rotary switch can be used to set the dimming speed. At the same time the duration of the soft ON and soft OFF is altered. The +ESL settings take into consideration the special conditions for dimmable energysaving lamps: The switching-on procedure is optimised and the dimming rate is altered logorithmically. The children's room switch is not possible in these settings and wound (inductive) transformers are not allowed to be dimmed.

Memory is switched off in the -ESL setting. This can be advantageous with ESL, since cold ESL require a higher minimum brightness than might be stored in the memory with warm ESL

The LED settings take into account the special conditions for dimmable 230V LED lamps. Different dimming curves can be selected. In these settings, no wound (inductive) transformers may be dimmed.

Automatic electronic overload protection and thermal overload switch-off.

L loads (inductive loads, e.g. wound transformers) and C loads (capacitor loads, e.g. electronic transformers) must not be mixed.
L and C loads can be mixed as desired with R loads (ohmic loads, e.g. 230 V incandescent and halogen lamps).

| Technical data for dimmer TDU500 ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Incandescent lamps $230 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{R})$ | 400 W |
| Halogen lamps $230 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{R})$ | 400 W |
| Inductive transformers (L) | $\left.400 \mathrm{~W}^{2)} 3\right)$ |
| Electronic transformers (C) | $\left.400 \mathrm{~W}^{2)} 3\right)$ |
| Dimmable energy-saving lamps ESL | $100 \mathrm{~W}^{4)}$ |
| Dimmable LED 230 V | 100 W |
| Temperature at the installation location max. / min. | $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Control voltage area | 0.9 bis $1.1 \times \mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{n}}$ |
| Constant current supply | 12 mA |

The parallel operation of inductive (wound) and capacitive (electronic) transformers is not allowed!

1) For loads greater than 300 W , a ventilation interval of $1 / 2$ module is to be maintained to devices mounted next to each other.
2) A maximum of two inductive (wound) transformers are allowed per universal dimmer switch and only the same types may be used; in addition, secondary-side idling is not allowed. Otherwise the universal
dimmer switch may be destroyed!
Therefore no secondary-side load switch-off allowed.
3) When calculating loads, $20 \%$ loss for inductive (wound) transformers and 5\% loss for capacitive (electronic) transformers must be taken into account in addition to the lamp load.
4) In the ESL settings, no inductive (wound) transformers may be dimmed.
5) Influences the maximum switching capacity.

## Connection example




LOAD SHEDDING RELAYS
sealable
for electronically and pneumatically regulated flow heaters

1 M


| Load shedding relays |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Technical data / type | LRU39 for electronic and pneumatic flow heaters |  |  |
| Field coil |  |  |  |
| Rated current area AC | 6.7 ... 39 A | Response current AC | $<5.3$ A |
| Rated power for 230 V AC | 1.5 ... $9 \mathrm{KW} / 230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ | Max. continuous current AC | 43 A |
| Rated power for 230 / 400 V AC | 4.6 ... 27 KW / 400 V~ | Constant thermal load capacity $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 W |
| Operating / rated power | 0.5 ... 4VA | Connection terminal single wire | $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}-16 \mathrm{~mm}{ }^{2}$ |
|  |  | Connection terminal multiple wire | $2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}-16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Relay contact |  |  |  |
| Contact | 1 NC | Max. electrical switching frequency / h | approx. 1,800 switching cycles /h |
| Rated contact current for 250 V AC | 1 A | Max. ambient temperature | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Contact material | Hard silver gold-flashed | Response time / release time | $10 . . .20 \mathrm{~ms} / 20 \ldots 30 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Max. switching voltage AC | 400 V | Volume resistance | approx. $3 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ |
| Max. switching capacity | 250 VA | Test voltage contact / coil AC | 2.5 KV |
| Max. switch-on peak current | 5 A | Isolation group acc. to VDE 0110 | C/ 250 V |
| Electric endurance with rated load | >100,000 switching cycles | Protection type housing | IP40 |
| Mechanical endurance | approx. 1 million switching cycles | Connection terminal single wire | $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}-4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Switch-on duration | 100\% | Connection terminal multiple wire | $0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}-4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Twilight switch


TWILIGHT SWITCH WITH SEPARATE LIGHT COLLECTOR
$230 \mathrm{~V} \sim, 50 \ldots 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$
$16 \mathrm{~A}, 1 \mathrm{CO}$ contact
2 M



## Twilight switch DS2301W

Technical data

| Light intensity Area 1 <br> Area 2 <br> Area 3 | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2-100 Lux } \\ 2-1000 \text { Lux } \\ 2-10000 \text { Lux } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Delay when switching on | 8 sec . |
| Delay when switching off | 38 sec . |
| Contact material | AgCdO |
| Contact interval | $<3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Interval control connections / contact | 5 mm |
| Rated insulation voltage contact / contact contact / magnet system | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{KV} \\ & 4 \mathrm{KV} \end{aligned}$ |
| Switching capacity AC | $16 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V} \cos \varphi=1$ |
| Incandescent lamp load | 2300 W |
| Inductive load $\cos \varphi=0.8$ | $3 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Mechanical endurance, change of position | $5 \times 10^{7}$ |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=1$ and $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ | $10^{5}$ |
| Endurance with incandescent lamps 1000 W and $103 / \mathrm{h}$ | $25 \times 10^{3}$ |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=0.6$ und $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ | $75 \times 10^{3}$ |
| Switch position display relay | LED red |
| Switch position display switch point | LED green |
| Switch-on duration | 100\% |
| Temperature at the installation location min. / max. | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Total power loss during continuous excitation | 2.2 W |
| Degree of protection | IP20 |
| Protection type light collector | IP65 |
| Max. cable length to light collector | 100 m |

[^0]


MULTI-FUNCTION TIME RELAYS
16 functions
1 CO contact $10 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ ~
Time range 0.1 sec . -40 hrs
1 M


| 8 V to <br> 230 V <br> UC | MRU1W | 75 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



TIME RELAYS
1 CO contact $10 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ ~
Time range 0.1 sec . - 40 hrs
1 M


| 8 V to <br> 230V <br> UC | AVU1W | 75 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RVU1W | 75 | 1 |

## Function description MRU1W

Stand-by loss only 0.1 Watt
Depending on the connection for the electricity supply to terminal B1 or
B2, two different function levels can be selected:

## Function level 1 for connection of electricity supply to B1-A2

RV = Release delay
AV = Response delay
TI = Clock generator starting with impulse
TP = Clock generator starting with pause
IA = Impulse-controlled response delay
EW = Passing make contact
AW = Passing break contact
ARV = Response and release delay
ON = Continuously ON
OFF = Permanently OFF

Function level 2 for connection to electricity supply to B2-A2
ER = Relay function
EAW = Passing make and break contact
ErS = Impulse switch function
IF = Impulse former
ARV+ = Additive response and release delay
ESV = Impulse switch with release delay and Pre-warning of switch-off
$\mathbf{A V}_{+}=$Additive response delay
SRV = Impulse switch with release delay
$\mathbf{O N}=$ Continuously ON
OFF = Permanently OFF


xT


The time base T
is set for latching rotary switches
[T]. There is a choice between the base values 0.1 seconds, 0.5 seconds, 2 seconds, 5 seconds, 1 minute, 2 minutes, 5 minutes, 1 hour, 2 hours and 4 hours. The total time is calculated from the time base multiplied by the multiplier.

## The multiplier $\mathbf{x}$ T

is set with the latching rotary switch $[\mathrm{xT}]$ and is between 1 and 10. This makes it possible to set times between 0.1 seconds (time base 0.1 seconds and multiplier 1) and 40 hours (time base 4 hours and multiplier 10).

## Light emitting diode

under the large rotary switch provides information about the contact position during the time period.
It blinks as long as NOC 15-18 is open (15-16 closed) and glows continuously as long as NOC 15-18 is closed (15-16 open).

| +B1 | +B2 |
| :---: | :---: |
| +A1 | -A2 |
|  | 5 $\mu$ 18 |
|  | 16 |
| 15 | 18 |



## RV = Release delay

(Delay in switching off)


When applying control voltage, the NOC changes to 15-18. With the interruption of the control voltage, the time period begins and at its end the NOC returns to its rest position.
Can be reset during the time period.

## AW = Passing break contact relay



When the control voltage is interrupted, the NOC changes to 15-18 and returns after the impulse time has elapsed. If the control voltage is applied during the impulse time, the NOC immediately reverts to its rest position and the residual time is deleted.

## AV = Response delay

(Delay when switching on)


With the application of the control voltage, the time period begins and at its end the NOC changes to 15-18. After an interruption, the time period starts again.

ARV = Response and release delay


When the control voltage is applied, the timing period is started; at its end the NOC changes to $15-18$. If the control voltage is interrupted after this, another timing period is started; at its end the NOC returns to the rest position. This release delay is identical to the response delay. After an interruption of the response delay, the time period begins again.

## $\mathrm{TI}=$ Clock generator starting with impulse



As long as the control voltage is applied, the NOC closes and opens. For MRU1W the switching time in both directions is identical and corresponds to the time set. For TIUMW both times can be set separately. When the control voltage is applied, the NOC immediately changes to 15-18.

## EAW = Passing make contact relay and passing break contact relay



When the control voltage is applied and interrupted, the NOC changes to $15-18$ and returns after the set impulse time has elapsed.

## TP = Clock generator starting with pause <br> (Flashing relay)



Function descriptions same as TI , except that when the control voltage is applied, the contact does not change to $15-18$ but rather first remains at 15-16 or open.

## IF = Impulse former



When the control voltage is applied, the NOC changes to $15-18$ for the time set. Further activations are only evaluated after the set time has elapsed.

## IA = Impulse-controlled response delay



With the start of a control pulse from 20 ms , the timing period t 1 starts; at its end, the NOC changes to $15-18$ for the time t2 ( $=1$ second) (e.g. for automatic door openers). If t 1 is set to the shortest time of 0.1 seconds, IA operates as an impulse former, for which t2 elapses, independent of the control signal's duration (min. 150ms).

## EW = Passing make contact relay



With the application of the control voltage, the NOC changes to 15-18 and returns after the impulse time. If the control voltage is removed during the impulse time, the NOC immediately returns to the rest position and the remaining time is deleted.

## ARV+ = Additive response and release delay

Same function as the ARV, but after an interruption of the response delay, the elapsed time remains stored.

## ESV = Impulse switch with release delay and pre-warning of switch-off

Function as SRV. Also with pre-warning of switch-off: approx. 30 sec. before time elapses, the light flickers 3 times in shorter and shorter periods.

## AV+ = Additive response delay

Same function as the AV, but after an interruption, the time already elapsed remains stored.

## SRV = Impulse switch with release delay

The NOC switches back and forth with control impulses from 50 ms . In contact position 15-18, the device automatically switches to the rest position after the delay time has elapsed.

## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Time relays and multi-function relays

| Time relays and multi-function relays |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Technical data / type | MRU1W / AVU1W / RVU1W |
| Switch-on duration | 100\% |
| Temperature at the installation location max. / min. | $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Contact material / contact interval | $\mathrm{AgSnO}_{2} / 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Interval control connections / contact | 3 mm |
| Test voltage contact / contact | 1000 V |
| Test voltage control connections / contact | 2000 V |
| Nominal switching capacity AC | $10 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Incandescent lamps and fluorescent lamps, inductive or capacitive | 1000 W |
| Fluorescent lamps in DUO switching | 1000 W |
| Fluorescent lamps compensated in parallel | 500 W |
| Electronic ballasts | Ion max $70 \mathrm{~A} / 10 \mathrm{~ms}{ }^{2)}$ |
| Inductive load $\cos \varphi=0.6$ / 230 V AC | 650 W |
| Max. switching current DC 1 (not for NP type): $12 \mathrm{~V} / 24 \mathrm{~V}$ DC | 8 A |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=1$ and incandescent lamps 1000 W for $100 / \mathrm{h}$ | $>105$ |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=0.6$ bei $100 / \mathrm{h}$ | $>4 \times 10^{4}$ |
| Temperature dependency | <0,2\% each ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Repetition accuracy at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm 0,1 \%$ |
| Setting accuracy from 1 minute | $\pm 0,2 \%$ |
| Control voltage dependency between 0.8 and $1.1 \times U_{n}$ | none |
| Bridging time during mains failures (then total reset) | min. 0.2 seconds |
| Control current $12 \mathrm{~V} / 230 \mathrm{~V} \pm 20 \%$ | $0.05 / 0.9 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Control current 12 V DC / 230 V DC $\pm 20 \%$ | $0.09 / 1.7 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Power consumption continuous electricity supply $12 \mathrm{~V} / 230 \mathrm{~V}$ UC relay OFF | $0.02 / 0.4 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Power consumption continuous electricity supply $12 \mathrm{~V} / 230 \mathrm{~V}$ UC relay ON | 0.3 / 1.0W 3) |
| Max. parallel capacity (length) of the control lines for 230 V | $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ (approx. 600 m ) |
| Protection cover (device side) | DIN EN 50274, VDE 0660-514 BGV A3 |
| Box terminal cross section | $12 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Maximum cross section of a conductor | $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Screw head | Slotted / cross slot pozidriv |

Meets VDE0435, EN 61000-6-3, EN 61000-6-1 and EN 60669 standards

1) Only with constant mains voltage $>110 \mathrm{~V}$ and only when "relay on" for more than 60 minutes, is it necessary to maintain a ventilation interval of $1 / 2$ module on both sides. If required, use the distance device.
For 230 V AC , a capacitor $0.33 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ in series with B1 is also sufficient.
2) For electronic ballasts, a switch-on current 40 times more powerful is to be expected.

## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Mains monitoring


MAINS MONITORING
NW1
NWA1 asymmetrical monitoring
UAB 154 V, UAN 198 V

## 2 M

|  | ITEM <br> NO. | WEIGHT <br> g/EACH | PACKING <br> UNIT |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 1NO + | NW1 | 98 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1NC | NWA1 | 98 | 1 |




MAINS MONITORING
NW2
NWA2 asymmetrical monitoring
UAB 187 V, UAN 210 V
2 M


| Mains monitoring |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Technical data / type | NW1 / NW2 | NWA1 / NWA2 |
| Mains connection | 1 -3-phase $230 / 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 3 -phase $230 / 400 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Operational voltage | via L1-N 230 V AC |  |
| Frequency | $45 . .65 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Power consumption | 5.5 VA |  |
| Response / drop delay | $0.15 \ldots 0.5 \mathrm{sec}$. |  |
| Input pulse amplitude max. $\begin{aligned} & 6 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 20 \mathrm{~ms}\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \mathrm{KV} \\ & 1.0 \mathrm{KV} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Asymmetrical monitoring | none | 10\% |
| Back-up fuse | no / device inherently stable |  |
| Relays |  |  |
| Contact material | Ag Ni $0.15+\mathrm{HV}$ |  |
| Contact interval | $>0.35$ |  |
| Interval control connections / contact | 15 mm |  |
| Rated insulation voltage $\begin{array}{l}\text { contact / contact } \\ \text { contact / magnet system }\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1000 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {eff }} \\ & 4000 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {eff }} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Rated switching capacity | 2000 VA |  |
| Contact load DC max. (A) 24 V | 8 A |  |
| 60 V | 1.8 A |  |
| 110 V | 0.4 A |  |
| 220 V | 0.3 A |  |
| Minimum contact load | $10 \mathrm{~mA} / 12 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| Mechanical endurance | $3 \times 10^{7}$ |  |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=1$ | 100000 |  |
| Endurance with rated load $\cos \varphi=0.4$ | 80000 |  |
| Switching frequency max. | 3000 / h |  |
| Switch position display | LED |  |
| Switch-on duration / switching safety | 100\% |  |
| Temperature at the installation location max. / min. | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Total power loss during constant excitation | 0.55 VA |  |



INSTALLATION CONTACTOR
20 A / 230 V AC
2-pole • Control voltage 230 VAC
1 M

|  | ITEM <br> N0. | WEIGHT <br> $\mathbf{g} /$ EACH | PACKING <br> UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2NO IS2020 200 12 <br> 1NO 1NC IS2011 200 12 |  |  |  |$>.$



INSTALLATION CONTACTOR
25 A 230 / 400 V AC
4-pole Control voltage 230 V AC

## 2 M

|  | ITEM <br> NO. | WEIGHT <br> g/EACH | PACKING <br> UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4NO | IS2540 | 280 | 6 |
| 2NO 2NC | IS2522 | 280 | 6 |
| 3NO 1NC | IS2531 | 280 | 6 |



INSTALLATION CONTACTOR
40 A and $63 \mathrm{~A} 230 / 400 \mathrm{~V}$ AC
4-pole - Control voltage 230 V AC
3 M

|  | ITEM <br> NO. | WEIGHT <br> g/EACH | PACKING <br> UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4NO | IS4040 | 450 | 4 |
| $4 N O$ | IS6340 | 450 | 4 |



AUXILIARY CONTACT
Continuous thermal current $I_{\text {th }}=6 \mathrm{~A}$
Rated operating current $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{e}}$
with AC-15 for $U_{e} 240$ V AC 3 A 415 V AC 2 A 440 V AC $1,6 \mathrm{~A}$
$1 / 2$ M

|  | ¢ $\begin{gathered}\text { ITEM } \\ \text { No. }\end{gathered}$ | WEIGHT | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|l\|l\|l\|} \text { PANITG } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1NO 1NC | ISH11 | 23 | 3 |



DISTANCE DEVICE 9MM


We recommend the use of distance devices at ambient temperatures higher than $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Installation contactors

Technical data acc. to IEC 60947-3, IEC 60947-5-1, VDE 0660, EN 60947-3, EN 60947-5-1

| Main contact element types |  | IS20.. | IS25.. | IS40.. | IS63.. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated insulation voltage $U_{i}$ | V AC | $\mathbf{4 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 0}$ |
| Rated operating voltage $U_{e}$ | V AC | 440 | 440 | 440 | 440 |
| Allowed switching frequency $z$ | AC1, AC3 $1 / \mathrm{h}$ | 300 | 300 | 600 |  |
| Mechanical endurance | S $\times 10^{6}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Usage category AC1

| Rated operating current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}}\left(=\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{h}}\right)$ open | at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{A}$ | 20 | 25 | 40 | 63 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switching element endurance | $\mathrm{S} \times 10^{6}$ | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Power loss per pole for $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}} / \mathrm{AC} 1$ | W | 2 | 2 | 3 | 7 |

Usage category AC3 - Switching of three-phase motors

| Rated operating current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}}$ | A | - | 9 | 27 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated power for 220 V | kW | - | 2.2 | 7.5 | 8 |
| Three-phase motors $230-240 \mathrm{~V}$ | kW | - | 8.5 | 8 |  |
| $50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | kW |  | 4 | 12.5 |  |
| Switching element endurance | $\mathrm{S} \times 106$ | - | 0.15 | 0.15 |  |

Magnetic coil

| Magnetic coil output | Switching VA | $7-9$ | $14-18$ | $33-45$ | $33-45$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alternating current activation | Stop VA | $2.2-4.2$ | $4.4-8.4$ | 7 | 7 |
|  | W | $0.8-1.6$ | $1.6-3.2$ | 2.6 | 2.6 |


| Magnetic coil operating areas |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Control voltage dependency $U_{s}$ |  | $0.85-1.1$ | $0.85-1.1$ | $0.85-1.1$ | $0.85-1.1$ |  |

Short circuit protection

| Max. back-up fuse main circuits | $\mathrm{gL}(\mathrm{gG}) / \mathrm{A}$ | 35 | 35 | 80 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switching times for control voltage <br> U $_{\mathrm{S}} \pm 10 \%$ | Closing delay ms | $7-16$ | $9-15$ | $11-15$ | $11-15$ |
|  | Opening delay ms | $6-12$ | $4-8$ | $6-13$ | $6-13$ |
|  | Arc duration ms | $10-15$ | $10-15$ | $10-15$ | $10-15$ |

## Connection cross sections

| Single or multiple wire main conductor | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1.5-10$ | $1.5-10$ | $2.5-25$ | $2.5-25$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stranded wire | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1.5-6$ | $1.5-6$ | $2.5-16$ |  |
| Stranded wire with ferrule | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1.5-6$ | $1.5-6$ | $2.5-16$ |  |
| Number of clampable conductors per terminal |  | 1 | 1 | $2.5-16$ |  |
| Coil single wire or multiple wire | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $0.75-2.5$ | $0.75-2.5$ | $0.75-2.5$ |  |
| Stranded wire | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $0.5-2.5$ | $0.5-2.5$ | 0.7 |  |
| Stranded wire with ferrule | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $0.5-1.5$ | $0.5-1.5$ | $0.5-2.5$ | $0.5-2.5$ |
| Number of clampable conductors per terminal |  | 1 | 1 | $0.5-1.5$ |  |

## Auxiliary contact ISH11



## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Installation contactor IS - Switching of lamp loads

| LAMP TYPE | $\underset{\text { Watt }}{\substack{\text { OUTPUT }}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { CURRENT } \\ I_{n} / A \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\mu \mathrm{F}}{\text { CAPACITOR }}$ | MAX. NUMBER OF LAMPS PER CONDUCTING PATH FOR 230 V 50 HZ AND MAX. $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | IS20.. | IS25.. | IS40.. | IS63.. |


| Incandescent lamps | 60 | 0,27 | - | 22 | 28 | 92 | 129 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100 | 0,45 | - | 13 | 17 | 55 | 77 |
|  | 200 | 0,91 | - | 7 | 8 | 27 | 38 |
|  | 300 | 1,36 | - | 4 | 5 | 19 | 26 |
|  | 500 | 2,27 | - | 3 | 3 | 11 | 16 |
|  | 1000 | 4,5 | - | 1 | 1 | 6 | 8 |
| Fluorescent lamps Uncompensated or Serially compensated | 11 | 0.16 | 1,3 | 60 | 75 | 210 | 310 |
|  | 18 | 0.37 | 2,7 | 25 | 30 | 90 | 140 |
|  | 24 | 0.35 | 2,5 | 25 | 30 | 90 | 140 |
|  | 36 | 0.43 | 3,4 | 20 | 25 | 70 | 140 |
|  | 58 | 0.67 | 5,3 | 14 | 17 | 45 | 70 |
|  | 65 | 0.67 | 5,3 | 13 | 16 | 40 | 65 |
|  | 85 | 0.8 | 5,3 | 11 | 14 | 35 | 60 |
| Fluorescent lamps Duo switching | 11 | 0.07 | - | $2 \times 100$ | $2 \times 110$ | $2 \times 220$ | $2 \times 250$ |
|  | 18 | 0.11 | - | $2 \times 50$ | $2 \times 55$ | $2 \times 130$ | $2 \times 200$ |
|  | 24 | 0.14 | - | $2 \times 40$ | $2 \times 44$ | $2 \times 110$ | $2 \times 160$ |
|  | 36 | 0.22 | - | $2 \times 30$ | $2 \times 33$ | $2 \times 70$ | $2 \times 100$ |
|  | 58 | 0.35 | - | $2 \times 20$ | $2 \times 22$ | $2 \times 45$ | $2 \times 70$ |
|  | 65 | 0.35 | - | $2 \times 15$ | $2 \times 16$ | $2 \times 40$ | $2 \times 60$ |
|  | 85 | 0.47 | - | $2 \times 10$ | $2 \times 11$ | $2 \times 30$ | $2 \times 40$ |
| Fluorescent lamps Parallel compensation | 11 | 0.09 | 2 | 30 | 43 | 67 | 107 |
|  | 18 | 0.13 | 2 | 20 | 32 | 50 | 80 |
|  | 24 | 0.16 | 3 | 15 | 32 | 50 | 80 |
|  | 36 | 0.27 | 4 | 10 | 32 | 50 | 80 |
|  | 58 | 0.45 | 7 | 6 | 18 | 36 | 46 |
|  | 65 | 0.5 | 7 | 5 | 18 | 36 | 46 |
|  | 85 | 0.6 | 8 | 4 | 18 | 33 | 44 |
| Fluorescent lamps with electronic ballast | 18 | 0.09 | - | 40 | 40 | 100 | 150 |
|  | 36 | 0.16 | - | 20 | 20 | 50 | 75 |
|  | 58 | 0.25 | - | 15 | 15 | 30 | 55 |
|  | $2 \times 18$ | 0.17 | - | $2 \times 20$ | $2 \times 20$ | $2 \times 50$ | $2 \times 60$ |
|  | $2 \times 36$ | 0.32 | - | $2 \times 10$ | $2 \times 10$ | $2 \times 25$ | $2 \times 30$ |
|  | $2 \times 58$ | 0.49 | - | $2 \times 7$ | $2 \times 7$ | $2 \times 15$ | $2 \times 20$ |
| Transformers for low-voltage halogen lamps | 20 | 0.09 | - | 40 | 52 | 110 | 174 |
|  | 50 | 0.22 | - | 20 | 24 | 50 | 80 |
|  | 75 | 0.33 | - | 13 | 16 | 35 | 54 |
|  | 100 | 0.43 | - | 10 | 12 | 27 | 43 |
|  | 150 | 0.65 | - | 7 | 9 | 19 | 29 |
|  | 200 | 0.87 | - | 5 | 5 | 14 | 23 |
|  | 300 | 1.3 | - | 3 | 4 | 9 | 14 |
| Mercury high-pressure lamps uncompensated e.g. high-pressure mercury lamp and metal halide lamp | 50 | 0.61 | - | 16 | 21 | 38 | 55 |
|  | 80 | 0.8 | - | 12 | 16 | 29 | 40 |
|  | 125 | 1.15 | - | 8 | 11 | 20 | 28 |
|  | 250 | 2.15 | - | 4 | 6 | 11 | 15 |
|  | 400 | 3.25 | - | 3 | 4 | 7 | 10 |
|  | 700 | 5.4 | - | 1 | 2 | 4 | 6 |
|  | 1000 | 7.5 | - | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| Mercury high-pressure lamps compensated e.g. high-pressure mercury lamp and metal halide lamp | 50 | 0.28 | 7 | 7 | 18 | 36 | 50 |
|  | 80 | 0.41 | 8 | 5 | 16 | 31 | 44 |
|  | 125 | 0.65 | 10 | 3 | 13 | 25 | 35 |
|  | 250 | 1.22 | 18 | 2 | 7 | 14 | 19 |
|  | 400 | 1.95 | 25 | 1 | 5 | 10 | 14 |
|  | 700 | 3.45 | 45 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 8 |
|  | 1000 | 4.8 | 60 | - | 2 | 4 | 6 |

## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Installation contactor IS - Switching of lamp loads

| LAMP TYPE | OUTPUTWatt | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CURRENT } \\ & I_{n} / A \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\mu \mathrm{F}}{\text { CAPACITOR }}$ | MAX. NUMBER OF LAMPS PER CONDUCTING PATH FOR 230 V 50 HZ AND MAX. $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | IS20.. | IS25.. | IS40.. | IS63.. |


| Metal halogen lamps uncompensated e.g. high-pressure mercury lamp and metal halide lamp, CDM | 35 | 0.53 | - | 22 | 24 | 57 | 65 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 70 | 1 | - | 12 | 14 | 30 | 35 |
|  | 150 | 1.8 | - | 6 | 8 | 17 | 18 |
|  | 250 | 3 | - | 4 | 5 | 10 | 12 |
|  | 400 | 3.5 | - | 3 | 4 | 8 | 10 |
|  | 1000 | 9.5 | - | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
|  | 2000 | 16.5 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 |
|  | $2000 / 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 10.5 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 |
|  | $3500 / 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 18 | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Metal halogen lamps compensated e.g. high-pressure mercury lamp and metal halide lamp, CDM | 35 | 0.25 | 6 | 8 | 21 | 42 | 58 |
|  | 70 | 0.45 | 12 | 4 | 11 | 21 | 29 |
|  | 150 | 0.75 | 20 | 2 | 7 | 13 | 18 |
|  | 250 | 1.5 | 33 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 11 |
|  | 400 | 2.1 | 35 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 10 |
|  | 1000 | 5.8 | 95 | - | 1 | 3 | 4 |
|  | 2000 | 11.5 | 148 | - | - | 2 | 2 |
|  | $2000 / 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 6.6 | 58 | - | - | 3 | 4 |
|  | $3500 / 400 \mathrm{~V}$ | 11.6 | 100 | - | - | 2 | 3 |
| Metal halogen lamps with electronic ballast (e.g. PCI) <br> $50-125 \times \mathrm{In}_{\mathrm{n}}$ lamps for 0.6 ms | 20 | 0.1 | Integrated | 9 | 9 | 18 | 20 |
|  | 35 | 0.2 | Integrated | 6 | 6 | 11 | 13 |
|  | 70 | 0.36 | Integrated | 5 | 5 | 10 | 12 |
|  | 150 | 0.7 | Integrated | 4 | 4 | 8 | 10 |
| Low pressure sodium vapour lamps uncompensated | 35 | 1.5 | - | 7 | 9 | 22 | 30 |
|  | 55 | 1.5 | - | 7 | 9 | 22 | 30 |
|  | 90 | 2.4 | - | 4 | 6 | 13 | 19 |
|  | 135 | 3.3 | - | 3 | 4 | 10 | 14 |
|  | 150 | 3.3 | - | 3 | 4 | 10 | 14 |
|  | 180 | 3.3 | - | 3 | 4 | 10 | 14 |
|  | 200 | 3.3 | - | 3 | 4 | 10 | 14 |
| Low pressure sodium vapour lamps compensated | 35 | 0.31 | 20 | 3 | 6 | 15 | 18 |
|  | 55 | 0.42 | 20 | 2 | 6 | 15 | 18 |
|  | 90 | 0.63 | 30 | 1 | 4 | 10 | 12 |
|  | 135 | 0.94 | 45 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 8 |
|  | 150 | 1 | 40 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 9 |
|  | 180 | 1.16 | 40 | 1 | 3 | 8 | 9 |
|  | 200 | 1.32 | 25 | - | - | 10 | 12 |
| High pressure sodium vapour lamps uncompensated | 150 | 1.8 | - | 5 | 8 | 17 | 22 |
|  | 250 | 3 | - | 4 | 5 | 10 | 13 |
|  | 330 | 3.7 | - | 3 | 4 | 8 | 10 |
|  | 400 | 4.7 | - | 2 | 3 | 6 | 8 |
|  | 1000 | 10.3 | - | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| High pressure sodium vapour lamps compensated | 150 | 0.83 | 20 | 2 | 7 | 20 | 25 |
|  | 250 | 1.5 | 33 | 1 | 4 | 12 | 15 |
|  | 330 | 2 | 40 | 1 | 3 | 10 | 13 |
|  | 400 | 2.4 | 48 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 12 |
|  | 1000 | 6.3 | 106 | - | 1 | 4 | 6 |
| High pressure sodium vapour lamps <br> Sodium vapour lamps with electronic ballast (e.g. PCI) $50-125 \times \ln$ lamp for 0.6 ms | 20 | 0.1 | Integrated | 9 | 9 | 18 | 20 |
|  | 35 | 0.2 | Integrated | 6 | 6 | 11 | 13 |
|  | 70 | 0.36 | Integrated | 5 | 5 | 10 | 12 |
|  | 150 | 0.7 | Integrated | 4 | 4 | 8 | 10 |



STAIRWAY LIGHT TIME SWITCHES
WITH PRE-WARNING
OF SWITCH-OFF
230 V AC 50 / 60 Hz
16 A 1 NO (not floating)
Time range 1 to 30 minutes

1 M


Incandescent lamp load 2300 W
Glow lamp current 50 mA

## TZA2301 Stairway light time switches <br> Stand-by loss only 0.5 Watt.

Contact circuit in zero crossing to protect the contacts and lamps. This is especially good for increasing the endurance for energy-saving lamps. Very low switching noise.
Exact time settings from 1 to 30 minutes with minute scale. Control, supply and switching voltage 230 V . Also with galvanically separated universal control voltage $8 . . .230 \mathrm{~V}$ UC. Glow lamp current up to 50 mA , independent of the glow lamp ignition voltage.
Own continuous light switch with large rotary switch.
When the pre-warning switch-off is activated $\smile$, the light flickers approx. 30 seconds before time elapses and 3 times in total in shorter and shorter periods.

When the continuous light button is activated, - pressing the button for longer than one second can activate the continuous light, which is automatically switched off after 60 minutes or can be switched off by pressing for longer than 2 seconds.
If the continuous light button and the pre-warning ${ }^{-} \mathrm{T}^{-}$of switch-off are activated, then the pre-warning of switch-off only activates after switching off the continuous light. If energy-saving lamps are switched (ESL) completely or partly, then set the pre-warning of switch-off and the continuous light button on the right ESL side of the rotary switch
Within 1 second after switch-on or subsequent switch-on, the time can be extended (pumped) with the TLZ functions by briefly pressing the button three times. Every touch adds one time to the set time.

Multifunctional: Can switch between the $\mathbf{F S}$ (impulse relay), $\mathbf{S T}$ (relay) and ESV (impulse relay with release delay) functions. The ESV function, the times ( t ) settable with the rotary switch above correspond to the following values: $1=2 \mathrm{~min}, 2=5 \mathrm{~min}$, $3=10 \mathrm{~min}, 4=15 \mathrm{~min}, 6=25 \mathrm{~min}, 8=35 \mathrm{~min}, 10=45 \mathrm{~min}, 12=60 \mathrm{~min}$, $20=90 \mathrm{~min}, 30=120 \mathrm{~min}$.
After the set delay time has elapsed, automatic switch-off is carried out if the manual OFF command was not given. Pre-warning of switch-off and the continuous light button can be connected for ESV. Forgotten continuous light is switched off after 2 hours.

## Connection examples

| 3 -conductor circuit | 4-condictor circuit, <br> with subsequent switching <br> with attic lighting, <br> with subsequent switching |
| :--- | :--- |




Automatic mode:
TLZ: $\mathrm{t}_{\text {max }}=30 \mathrm{~min}$
7 pre-warning switch
8. continuous ligh button

ESV: $\mathrm{t}_{\text {max }}=120 \mathrm{~min}$


With double connections for button and lamp so that they can be connected above and below or only below.
t


TLZIESV

## Time setting

TLZ / ESL t = time 1 to 30 minutes
ESV $\quad t=$ time 2 to 120 minutes

## Function selection switch TLZ / ESV and ESL

${ }^{-}$ユ- $^{-}=$Pre-warning of switch-off
= Continuous light button

- $^{\text {+ }}{ }^{-}$ユ- $^{-}=$Continuous light button + pre-warning of switch-off
(-9) = Continuous light switch


## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Stairway light time switches

| Technical data stairway light time switch | TZA2301 * |
| :---: | :---: |
| Contacts |  |
| Contact material / contact interval | $\mathrm{AgSnO}_{2} / 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Interval control connections / contact | 3 mm |
| Interval A1-A2 / contact | 6 mm |
| Test voltage control connections / contact | 2000 V |
| Test voltage A1-A2 / contact | 4000 V |
| Nominal switching capacity AC | $16 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Incandescent lamps and halogen lamp load 230 V 1) | 2300 W |
| Fluorescent lamp load (conventional ballast) In DUO switching or uncompensated | 1000 VA |
| Fluorescent lamp load (conventional ballast) with parallel compensation or with electronic ballast | 500 VA |
| Compact fluorescent lamps with electronic ballast And energy-saving lamps ESL | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \times 7 \mathrm{~W} \\ & 10 \times 20 \mathrm{~W} \end{aligned}$ |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=1$ or for incandescent lamps 1000 W for $100 / \mathrm{h}$ | $>10^{5}$ |
| Endurance with rated load, $\cos \varphi=0.6$ to $100 / \mathrm{h}$ | $>4 \times 10^{4}$ |
| Switching frequency max. | $10^{3} / \mathrm{h}$ |
| Box terminal cross sections | $12 \mathrm{~mm}{ }^{2}$ |
| Maximum cross section of a conductor | $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Screw head | Slotted / cross slot, pozidriv slot |
| Protection cover (device side) | VDE 0106 part 100 |


| Electronics |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Switch-on duration |  |
| Temperature at the installation location max. / min. |  |
| Stand-by loss (active power) | $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Control current locally at $230 \mathrm{~V}(<10 \mathrm{~s}) \pm 20 \%$ | 0.5 W |
| Max. parallel capacity (approx. length) of the individual control lines for 230 V AC | $5(100) \mathrm{mA}$ |

Fulfilled EN 61000-6-3, EN 61000-6-1 and EN 60669 standards
With pre-warning of switch-off acc. to DIN 18015-2

* Bistable relay as NOC. Wait for automatic synchronisation after installation before applying the switched load to the mains.

1) For lamps with max. 150 W .

Synchronised / Quartz time switch


SYNCHRONISED TIME SWITCH
$230 \mathrm{~V} \sim 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$
16 A, 1 CO contact without power reserve

## 3 M



QUARTZ TIME SWITCH
$230 \mathrm{~V} \sim 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$
16 A, 1 CO contact
Power reserve 150 h
3 M


| 24 h | AZ1TO | 200 | 1 |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7 Tage | AZ7TO | 200 | 1 |


| Technical data / type | AZ1TS / AZ7TS | AZ1TO / AZ7TO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating voltage | 220-240 V AC | 230 V AC / 130 V DC |
| Frequency | 50 Hz | $45-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Power consumption | approx. 1 VA |  |
| Power reserve | - | 150 h battery |
| Charge time | - | 70 h |
| Accuracy | Network synchronisation | $\pm 2.5 \mathrm{sec} . /$ day at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Minimum switch-on duration <br> - Daily program <br> - Weekly program | $\begin{gathered} 30 \mathrm{~min} \\ 3 \mathrm{~h} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Programming <br> Daily program <br> -Weekly program | $\begin{gathered} 30 \mathrm{~min} \\ 3 \mathrm{~h} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Manual switch | Continuous OFF / clock operations / continuously ON |  |
| Contacts | 1 CO contact |  |
| Contact power <br> - with ohmic load cos. $\varphi=1$ <br> - with inductive load cos. $\varphi=0.6$ | $\begin{gathered} 16 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \mu \\ 4 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| For incandescent lamps | 1350 W |  |
| Temperature range | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Protection class | 11 acc. to EN 60335-1 |  |
| Degree of protection | IP20 acc. to EN 60529 |  |



DIGITAL TIMER
$230 \mathrm{~V}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 16 \mathrm{~A}$
1 channel, 50 storage places
2 channels, 50 storage places
Program 24 h, 7 days
2 M


| 1 channel | DZ201 | 170 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 channels | DZ302 | 170 | 1 |



| Technical data / Typ | DZ201 | DZ302 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating voltage | $220-240 \mathrm{~V} / 50-60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Power input up to $230 \mathrm{~V} \sim$ (AC) | 5 VA |  |
| Switching capacity AC Ohmic load (VDE, IEC) Inductive load cos. $\varphi$ 0,6 Incandescent lamp load | $\begin{gathered} 16 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \\ 8 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} \\ 1000 \mathrm{~W} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Switching capacity DC $24 \mathrm{~V}-$ <br> 50 V - <br> 220 V- | 800 mA 300 mA 150 mA |  |
| Switching output | Floating |  |
| Switching contacts | 1 CO contact | 2 CO contact |
| Ambient temperature | $\left.-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{*}\right) \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Protection class | 11 acc. to EN 60335-1 |  |
| Accuracy | type $\pm 1 \mathrm{~s} /$ day when $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Power reserve | 3 years ex works for $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Shortest switching time | 1 min |  |
| Programmable | 1 min |  |
| Storage places | 50 |  |
| Manual switch | Automatic / pre-selection Fix ON/ Fix OFF |  |
| Block formation of week days | Free assignment |  |
| Display switch state | Yes |  |
| Daylight saving time option | automatic / free selection / off |  |
| Max. conductor cross section | $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |
| Type of connection | Captive $\pm$ screw terminals |  |
| Sealable | Yes |  |
| Programming | Menu in 15 languages |  |

*) for limited display functions

## DIN-RAIL PANEL PRODUCTS

Transformers


SAFETY BELL
TRANSFORMER
$230 \mathrm{~V} \sim 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$
U/I secondary
8-12 V / 1-0.67 A
Short-circuit proof with PTC
2 M


| 8 VA | KT08 | 211 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



SAFETY BELL
TRANSFORMER
$230 \mathrm{~V} \sim 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$
U/I secondary
16 VA $8-12-24$ V / 1.3-1.3-0.67 A
24 VA 8-12-24 V / 2-2-1 A
Short-circuit proof with PTC
3 M


| 16 VA | KT16 | 537 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 24 VA | KT24 | 758 | 1 |



## SAFETY TRANSFORMER

$230 \mathrm{~V} \sim 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$
U/I secondary 12-12 V/ 1.67-1.67 A
Parallel circuit $12 \mathrm{~V} / 3.3 \mathrm{~A}$
Series circuit $24 \mathrm{~V} / 1.67 \mathrm{~A}$
Short-circuit proof with PTC
3 M


| 40 VA | ST40 | 790 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



SAFETY TRANSFORMER
$230 \mathrm{~V} \sim 50 \mathrm{~Hz}$
$\mathrm{U} / \mathrm{I}$ secondary $12-12 \mathrm{~V} / 2.63-2.63 \mathrm{~A}$
Parallel circuit $12 \mathrm{~V} / 5.25 \mathrm{~A}$
Series circuit $24 \mathrm{~V} / 2.63 \mathrm{~A}$
Short-circuit proof with PTC
6 TE



[^0]:    Wiring diagram
    Twilight switch
    with separate light collector

